

# The Role of Carbon Management in a Climate-Neutral North Rhine-Westphalia

How North Rhine-Westphalia will use carbon management to create a climate-neutral industry

### **Summary**

The Government of North Rhine-Westphalia has studied and identified the <u>need to develop a carbon management industry</u> in order to meet <u>its legally-binding target of climate-neutrality by 2045</u>. According to <u>a study by the Wuppertal Institute for Climate, Environment and Energy</u> key industries in North Rhine-Westphalia will require carbon management and CO<sub>2</sub> transport infrastructure to become climate-neutral in 2045.

Even when taking all technically feasible measures to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> generation in North Rhine-Westphalia, point sources in the industrial sector will still emit **7 Mt of CO<sub>2</sub> in 2045**. Involving the use of biomass with carbon capture and storage (BECCS) – as is envisaged under all leading scenarios for a climate-neutral Germany in 2045 – increases the total CO<sub>2</sub> output to **35 Mt of CO<sub>2</sub> per year in 2045**. An analysis on the need for carbon management in a climate-neutral Germany in 2045 is available here.

30 of the 50 identified point sources of CO<sub>2</sub> in North Rhine-Westphalia could be connected for carbon capture and storage which would mitigate **97% of emissions from the industrial sector**.

### North Rhine-Westphalia



# Quantities of CO<sub>2</sub> stored in a climate-neutral Germany in 2045:

Study	DAC and BECCS 2045	CCS from Point Sources 2045
<u>Ariadne</u>	41-74 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>	9-11 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>
Agora	57 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>	16 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>
<u>Dena</u>	29 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>	24 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>
<u>BDI</u>	59 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>	11-20 Mt. CO <sub>2</sub>

## Climate and Economic Profile of North Rhine-Westphalia



North Rhine-Westphalia's economy is the <u>largest among</u> <u>Germany's 16 Federal</u> <u>States</u>, home to 18 of the 50 largest companies in Germany.



Almost a third of the workforce are directly employed in the industrial sector in industries such as: Steelmaking, Cement, Chemicals, Glass and Lime.



53 of the 800 largest industrial production facilities in Europe are located in North Rhine-Westphalia.



North Rhine-Westphalia is by far the most CO<sub>2</sub>-intensive Federal State in Germany, producing approximately one-quarter of Germany's entire CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per year.

# Carbon Management Clusters in North Rhine-Westphalia

Two key areas were identified as carbon management clusters in North Rhine-Westphalia: The Rhine Cluster and Westphalia Cluster.

#### The Rhine Cluster

The Rhine Cluster is made up predominately of chemical refineries, as well as the presence of steel and lime industries.

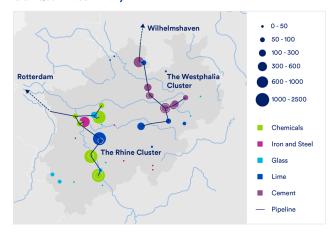
### The Westphalia Cluster

- The Westphalia Cluster comprises of cement and lime industrial facilities.
- The development of a CO₂ pipeline network for the Westphalia Cluster is highly-recommended.

A critical component of the Carbon Management Strategy of North Rhine-Westphalia is the availability of CO<sub>2</sub> storage sites. The study examined storage options in the Netherlands (<u>Porthos</u>) and Norway (Northern Lights).

The availability of CO<sub>2</sub> storage sites in Germany or its surrounding areas would enable industries in North Rhine-Westphalia to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions more easily.

### CO<sub>2</sub> Quantities in kt/yr



Source: SCI4climate.NRW 2021: CO<sub>2</sub>-Entstehung der Industrie in einem klimaneutralen NRW, Impuls für eine Infrastrukturgestaltung, Wuppertal

"No carbon capture and storage without CO<sub>2</sub> infrastructure. No climateneutral industry without carbon capture and storage."

Ministry for Economic Affairs, Digitisation, Innovation and Energy of North Rhine-Westphalia

## The Carbon Management Strategy of North Rhine-Westphalia

To address the need to develop a carbon management industry, the Government of North Rhine-Westphalia has developed a <u>Carbon Management Strategy</u>. Four key stages are involved in the Strategy which include:

- Reduction of Carbon Intensity in Industry
  - Development of carbon-free technologies, a hydrogen economy and renewable energy generation
- 2 Sustainable Carbon Usage

Emphasise and monitor the sustainable use of biogenic sources while creating value pathways through the Emissions Trading system, Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism and Carbon Contracts for Difference

3 CO<sub>2</sub> Management

Planning development of CO<sub>2</sub> transportation infrastructure for national and international cooperation, while providing a more harmonious legal framework for CO<sub>2</sub> storage

4 Social Discourse

Provide public awareness and education on carbon management while promoting low-carbon products with a Sustainable Carbon Label